REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

SIROHI STATE

FOR THE YEAR

. 1906-1907.

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To

RAJ RAJESHWAR MAHARAJA DHIRAJ HIS HIGHNESS

MAHARAO SIR KAISHREE SINGHJI SAHIB BAHADUR, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., OF SIROHI.

Dated, Sirohi, the 23rd December 1907.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR HIGHNESS,

I beg most respectfully to submit herewith the Annual Administration Report of Your Highness' State for the year 1906-07.

I beg most respectfully to remain,
Your Highness,
Your Highness' most obedient and humble Servant,
SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,
Diwan, Sirohi State.

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Report on the Administration of the Sirohi State for 1906-1907.

CHAPTER I.

GENERAL AND POLITICAL.

- The Sirohi State lies between latitude 24°-22' and 25°-20' N. and between Area and Population. longitude 72°-10' and 73°-10' E. The Marwar State forms its north and a portion of the western boundary. The south-east, south and a part of the west are bounded by Mewar, Idar, Danta and Palanpur, respectively,: and the east by Mewar. The geological formation of the country varies in different parts. The south-east portion contains black and sticky soil and the north-west beyond the Saranwa hill has yellow loose soil mixed with sand, while the land at its extremity joining with Marwar and Palanpur is all sandy. The approximate area of the State is 1,964 sq. miles, and its population, according to the census of 1901, is 1,54,544. Its gross revenue, based on the average of the past few years, may roughly be estimated at Rs. 3,40,000. The tribute, paid by the State annually to the Imperial Government, amounts to Rs. 6,881-4-0.
- The present ruler of the State, Maharaja Dhiraj, His Highness Maharao Chief. Sir Kaishree Singhji Sahib Bahadur, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., agcd about 51 years, belongs to the Deora sept of the great Chauhan clan of Rajputs, who at one time ruled the destinies of the whole of the Northern India. His Highness has been married four times into the families of Danta, Barsoda, Dharampur and Bhinai. He had four sons, of whom the eldest and the two younger ones died. survivor, Maharaj Kumar Shree Saroop Singhji Sahib, is the Heir-Apparent to the Gaddee and has reached his twentieth year.
- 3. The State has been very happy in arranging the marriages of the Second Notable Events. and the Third Baiji Sahebans with His Highness the Maharawalji Sahib of Jaisalmer and the Maharaj Kumar Sahib of Kutch, respectively. The first marriage was celebrated on the 16th of February 1907 at Sirohi and the last one on the 6th of March following. Both the ceremonies were conducted with due dignity and the festivities lost none of the warmth and enthusiasm befitting these important events.
 - Iu the beginning of December last, Maharaj Kumar Shree Saroop Singhji (b) Tika. Sahib was betrothed to the youngest Baiji Sahiba of the Jadeja House of Kutch. The formal celebrations in connection with the Tika ceremony were performed at Sirohi on the 9th December 1906.
- 5. His Highness Maharao Sir Khengarji Savai Bahadur, G.C.I.E., of Kutch, (c) Visits. paid a visit to Mount Abu during the middle of the month of September last and remained there as a State-guest till the 27th idem.
 - 6. Maharaj Kumar Prithwi Singhji Sahib of Banswara paid a flying visit to Sirohi on the 19th October last on his way from Danta to Ajmer and stayed here for three days only.
 - The Honourable Mr. E. G. Colvin, Agent to the Governor-General for Rajputana, passed through the Sirohi State viz Bhula, Bharja and Abn Road

en route to Abu at the termination of his cold weather tour in the beginning of the month of March 1907.

8. Besides making several tours in the State from time to time, His Highness passed about a fortnight in Bombay in the month of May 1907 for medical treatment.

Changes in the Personnel of Administration.

- 9. No change of any importance has occurred during the year under report among the high officials of the State.
- 10. Appendix I furnishes the names, etc., of the high State and the Residency officials.

CHAPTER II.

ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

Talati or Bighoti System.

- 11. This system was introduced in the Santpur, Rohera and Pindwara Pargannas in the year 1904 and has since then been in working order. In the previous reports it was not dealt with in any detail as the effect of the introduction of the system has been watched.
- 12. Previous to the introduction of the system the land revenue, with the exception of a few isolated instances, was generally realised in kind in the whole State, as only a certain fixed share of grain produced was taken as State dues. The Tehsildar of the Parganna, who has a number of duties to perform, and one Revenue Assistant, looked after, and are still looking after in the other pargannas, the realisation of the land revenue, with the consequence that owing to lack of supervision and want of any records, the State suffered a good deal of pecuniary loss of its legitimate revenue. The Talati (or Patwari, as it is called elsewhere) system was therefore introduced on trial in the above-said pargannas, as it was anticipated that less difficulty would arise, owing to the majority of the villages in them being khalsa. Two Talatis and one Circle Inspector were appointed for each parganna, and in order to help the Revenue Commissioner in this work and to properly supervise the work of the Talatis, an Assistant was appointed. They were entrusted with the duties mentioned below:—
 - (a) To prepare the record of land revenue of each village.
 - (b) To prepare record of wells and fields, the share in which the revenue and other Huqs (rights) are realised.
 - (c) To note the loss the State suffers in the realisation of its revenue in kind, how such loss occurs, and to introduce reform in it so as to minimise the probability of loss to the State.
 - (d) To endeavour to gradually fix land revenue and realise it.
 - (e) To repair old wells and sink new ones where necessary.
 - (f) To teach the cultivators the best method of cultivation, to show them the advantages of the Bighoti system, and to find out from the records the rate per bigha realised by share.
 - (g) To fix the share of the State demand in accordance with the class of land, wherever it is not the case.
 - (h) To induce cultivators, who have newly inhabited and who pay revenue at a fixed rate per plough, to consent to pay it in shares.

- (i) To find out suitable places for irrigation channels and other facilities for water, and to induce people to take advantage of them.
- (j) To try to increase cultivation as much as possible.
- 13. As the first batch of Talatis were appointed a little before the reaping of the kharif crops of 1904, they could do nothing but to realise the revenue in kind as usual, and keep full records of lands, etc. In the Sautpur Parganna alone, they realised the revenue on appraisement of standing crops and introduced without difficulty some reforms in Halbandi (that is, the system of realizing a fixed amount as revenue per plough irrespective of the quantity of land ploughed by it), which was raised from Rs. 3-4-0 per plough to Rs. 5-4-0. Although the locusts did a good deal of damage to crops, the endeavours of the Talatis resulted in some increase in land revenue.
- 14. During the rabi crops of 1904 they kept records of all wells and fields and changed the State share from one-sixth to one-fourth of the produce of lands irrigated by the Chandella Tank, and also from one-sixth to one-fifth in the village of Kalumbri in Pindwara, and with respect to the lands irrigated by the Jubilee Tank in Pindwara, which paid one-seventh share of their produce as State revenue, they introduced the Bighoti system, that is, the system of realising a certain sum per bigha of land cultivated. They also induced some foreigners to sink pucca wells, on condition of getting remissions of revenue for a few years (generally 5 or 6 years), on the expiration of which the land under the wells were to pay the full bighoti.
- 15. In 1905 the rainfall was very small, but this year had the advantage over 1900 of sufficient fodder having been produced, but still the Talatis tried their best to induce the cultivators to preserve he kharif crops by irrigation from wells, with the result that the income of the State did not suffer much. The Talatis also commenced letting out lands at a rental of a fixed amount per bigha for a number of years. The next rabi crops were below the normal, owing to deficient water-supply in wells consequent on small rainfall during the previous monsoon, and in addition the standing crops suffered a good deal from frost, but the Talatis induced the cultivators to remove the crops damaged by frost and sow other kinds of grain, such as china, krang, etc., in their place, so that both the cultivators and the State did not suffer much loss.
- 16. The rainfall of 1906 was much below the average, though greater than that of the previous year, but still the Talatis were able to introduce the Bighoti system in kharif crops in some of the villages of the Santpur and Pindwara Pargannas. Two surveyors to survey the lands and one classer were appointed, and the number of Talatis was increased, as the work of the existing Talatis had increased to a great extent. In the Pindwara Tehsil the Halbandi in 12 villages, which had previously been fixed at Rs. 3 per plough, was changed and arrangement similar to that made in some of the villages of the Santpur Parganna was introduced. In places where the Raj share of the produce was still taken in kind, cash was fixed for all kinds of kharif crops except til and kura. In the Rohera Tehsil, where the Halbandi was taken in kind (that is, a certain quantity of grain per plough, irrespective of the quantity of land sown by it), it was fixed at Rs. 5 per plough.

- 17. Owing to scanty rainfall of the previous mensoon, the cultivation of rabi crops grew less, and the wells were deepened and some new wells sunk, and the State share of one-eighth of the produce which was paid in the villages of Amli and Thandiberi in the Pindwara Parganna was changed into one-sixth. As the system was beneficial both to the State and the cultivators, it was introduced into Abu, the town of Sirohi and the Posalia Parganna, but as the work of the Talatis in the other three Pargannas increased more and more, the system was discontinued for the present in Posalia and the staff appointed there were transferred. The cultivators of Abu refused to get the land record prepared by the Talatis and would not give them any information. When the people gradually found out that the system proved beneficial to them, they began to cultivate more lands, and foreigners were tempted to take land on the Biglioti system and a number of new wells were sunk by them.
- 18. In the year 1907 the State share of produce, which was one-sixth in Sautpur with respect to kharif crops, was changed to one-fifth. In 10 of the villages of the Pindwara Tehsil, which paid Halbandi, it was changed into one-sixth of the produce. Profitable cultivation, such as that of tobacco, linseed, etc., was introduced to a small extent as an experimental measure. Arrangements were made to irrigate lands under the Sabela Tank in Pindwara from it by repairing the breach in the old bund at a trifling cost and the State demand of one-seventh share was changed into one-fourth for one year. The share of one-sixth, one-seventh or one-eighth, which was realised at places for land cultivated by means of water channels, etc., was changed into one-third, one-fourth or one-fifth, as the case might be, and the share of some well-irrigated lands was similarly changed. But although the rabi crops of this year were seriously damaged by blight, the income was not below the average, although remissions were granted.
- 19. On the whole, the Talatis have done good work since their appointment. During the four years that the system has been in force the work done by them is as follows:—
 - (a) 53 new wells were sunk at the east of the cultivators on remissions, so that the east of Rs. 26,500 had not to be borne by the State.
 - (b) Cultivation has greatly been increased, specially in thoso places where the Bighoti system has been introduced.
 - (c) Many channels have been constructed and new cultivation thereby made.
 - (d) Foreign cultivators were tempted by the advantages of the Bighoti system to come in and take up new lauds.
 - (e) A large quantity of land was given out at fixed rates per bigha according to the yielding capacity of the land and facilities of irrigation, etc., for a number of years on pucca putta and also yearly for kharif erops.
 - (f) In 1904-05 five registors of land revenue and other information were kept by the Talatis, the number of which was gradually increased, and in the present year the number of registers kept by each Talati is 29, which will be a great help to the State at the time of the settlement.

- 20. Owing to the constant presence of the Talatis in the villages the inconvenience and complaints of the people in general and the cultivators in particular are known without undue delay to the State authorities, and proper action was at once taken to remove them.
- 21. Although the Talatis apply for a number of surveyors to survey the lands and villages, their request is not fully complied with on account of heavy expenditure.
- 22. From informations available, it appears that in respect to cost, the system in force in Sirohi will favourably compare with the Patwari system in force in the Ajmer Tehsil. The area of Ajmer Tehsil is 561 square miles, with 190 villages, and there are 69 patwaris at a yearly cost of Rs. 12,816. The area of the three Pargannas of Sirohi where the Talati system is in force is about 590 square miles with 153 villages, and the number of Talatis in work in them (exclusive of Circle Inspectors) is 12, at a cost of Rs. 2,184 a year.
- 23. The Talatis and Circle Inspectors employed by Sirohi are all qualified men, having passed the Talatiship Examination of the Baroda State, and many of them, including the Assistant Revenue Commissioner, are experienced in the Talati system of work of Baroda, in which department they served for some time.
- 24. The table given below will show the improvement in land revenue during the four years that the system has been in force in comparison to the preceding four years. The rainfall of the four years was not very good in comparison to that of the preceding years.
- 25. Comparative statement showing the rainfall, the land revenue derived in the Pindwara, Rohera and Santpur Pargannas for the years 1904—1907 in comparison to the years 1900—1903, as also income from Maveshi tax in those Pargannas:—

Year.			infall at u Road.	Kharif (Orop		Rabi C	rop.		Total Kharif Rabi C	and		Maves	hi.		Tota	1.	
	ij			Rs.	9.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs	a.	p.	Rs.	8.	p.	Rs.	a.	p
900	•••		4.25	913	1	9	5,642	3	6	6,555	5	3	752	4	6	7,307	9	9
.901	•••		25.84	6,953	5	0	11,732	14	0	18,686	3	0	1,379	5	3	20,065	8	:
902	•••		7.60	1,241	12	9	11,615	13	3	12,857	10	0	2,701	12	9	15,559	6	
1903	•••		14.84	6,714	9	6	15,761	0	9	22,475	10	3	2,734	12	6	25,210	6	
Total				15,822	13	n	44,751	15	6	60,574	12	6	7,568	3	0	68,142	15	
Average	••		13.13	3,955	11	5	11,187	15	10	15,143	11	1	1,892	0	9	17,035	11	:
1904		\cdot	22.64	11,458	6	(21,036	6	0	32,494	12	6	3,201	3	0	85,695	15	,
1905			9*8	5,744	. 1	. (12,273	1	6	18,017	3	0	5,755	14	Ð	23,778	1	
1906	•	••	13.54	18,66	11	. (15,755	15	6	34,417	10	6	5,301	10	9	39,719	5	j
1907			25.12	28,36	L 8	3 :	2 18,593	9	0	46,958	3 1	8	4,930	8	9	51,888	3 ()
Total	•			64,22	3 1	1	2 67,659	0	6	1,31,88	7 1]	. 8	19,189	4	. (1,51,07	7 ()
Average		- -	17:59	16,05	7	2	0 16,914	12	?]	32,97	1 14	11	4,797	ŧ	5 5	37,76	9	4

26. The period under report, notwithstanding the fact that the rabi crops were damaged by blight, was a good one, and there was no necessity for granting any taccavi advances to the cultivators.

Boundary Settlement. 27. No internal boundary dispute was taken in hand for settlement during the period under report. The Sirohi-Palanpur-Danta boundaries are awaiting disposal at the hands of His Excellency the Viceroy.

CHAPTER III.

PROTECTION.

Legislation.

- 28. The principles of general law and equity of the British Indian Legislature, together with the customs prevailing in the State and the orders and circulars passed from time to time by the Darbar, form what is called the State Law.
 - 29. Appendix No. II shows what laws are in force in the Sirolii State.

Military.

- 30. The State Artillery consists of 8 guns and 5 men and is solely used on the oceasion of firing salutes. The State Infantry number 120 fighting men including officers. They are armed with muzzle-loading guns and bayonets. They are mainly employed to guard the Jail at the capital and are, when occasions arise, sent out to suppress crime and put down Jagirdars and others, when they assume a defiant attitude.
- 31. Appendix No. III gives detailed account of the Military Department of the State.

Police.

32. The whole Police force of the State, consisting of 675 men with officers, remained, as in the previous years, under the direct supervision and control of the Superintendent of Police. The work done by the Police this year seems to be satisfactory in comparison to the previous one. One Superintendent of Police, five Naib Foujdars or District Superintendents of Police, three Jamadars and one Fouj Bakhshi form the official staff of the department. For the efficient administration of the department, the whole State is divided into nine police circles. Each circle is under a Naib Foujdar or a Jamadar, according to the nature of the work to be performed within the prescribed area. There are altogether 80 thanas and 41 chowkies in the whole of the State. A detailed account of the different police circles under the Naib Foujdars or Jamadars, as the case may be, together with the numbers of thanas and chowkies under each is embodied in the subjoined table.

No. of Circles.	Police Districts or Circles.	District Officers.	No of Thanas.	No. of Chowkies
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Magra and Pamera Mandar Santpur and Bhakar Rohera and Pindwara Abu Abu Road Sirohi	Naib Foujdar. '' '' '' '' '' Jamadar. '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '' '	15 17 5 14 20 2	1 7 6 16 11
Total	9 Districts or Police Circles.	9	80	47

The Reserved Police Force maintained at the capital for times of emergencies, consist of a few mounted constables and a number of foot constables. They perform miscellaneous duties, such as furnishing escort on ordinary and ceremonial occasions, etc.

- 33. The Jagirdars are held responsible for any breach of the peace in their villages. They are rendered all help when necessary by the State Police. The Jagir police, which is in fact worse than nominal, requires improvement, and as a preliminary measure a register is being maintained of the number of the Jagir police of each district. In the course of a few years, it is hoped, an appreciable improvement will be noticed in it.
- 34. The total expenditure under this head amounted for the year under report to Rs. 46,733-8-0.
- 35. The total number of offences committed during the year under report was 731 against 1,250 of the previous 19 months. This decrease is due to the vigilance exercised by the police over the criminal tribes in general, and it speaks well of the new reform introduced last year into the police administration. Most of the crimes relating to property are committed by the Minas and Bhils of the bordering villages. Claims for compensation have, however, been preferred in the Marwar Court of Vakils and the Border Court. Detailed information regarding the working of the police is to be found in Appendices V, VI and VII.
- 36. Before the Sessions Court of the Diwan 33 persons were committed for Criminal Justice. offences mostly of a heinous nature. The total number of the accused before this Court was 41, of whom 20 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 21 at the close of the year. The Judicial Officer of the State, who exercises the powers of a First Class Magistrate, convicted 250, acquitted 362 and committed 33 persons to the Sessions Court, out of a total of 814 persons brought for trial before him.
- 37. The Tehsildars exercise powers similar to those of a Third Class Magistrate and had before them 761 persons for trial. Of the persons dealt with 313 were acquitted, 378 convicted, and one died before trial, leaving a balance of 69 under trial.
- 38. During the year under report His Highness had before him 15 appeals, of which one was decided, leaving 14 pending decision at the end of the year. Out of 94 appeals against the decision of the Judicial Officer before the Diwan 17 were disposed of. The Judicial Officer decided 20 appeals out of a total of 21. The total number of appeals pending decision before the three courts at the close of the year was 92.
- 39. In civil matters the Judicial Officer and the Tehsildars have the powers civil Justice. respectively of a Subordinate Judge and a Munsiff. The Judicial Officer hears cases of money suits to the value of Rs. 3,000, beyond which the cases are heard by the Diwan. During the year under report 753 civil suits were placed for decision before the different Courts, out of which 619 were disposed of, leaving a balance of 134 at the close of the year. The aggregate value of the suits disposed of amounted to Rs. 96,588-9-6.

- 40. The decrees passed by His Highness as well as those of the Diwan's Court are executed through the subordinate courts. The total amount of decretal money sought to be realised was Rs. 32,689-4-6, of which applications to the value of Rs. 19,034-5-6 were disposed of, leaving a balance of Rs. 13,654-15-0.
- 41. His Highness had for decision before him during the year 34 civil appeals, of which 4 were decided, leaving a balance of 30 at the end of the year. The total number of appeals before the Diwan this year was 70, of which 27 were disposed of and 43 remained at the close of the year. Out of a total of 31 appeals before him, the Judicial Officer disposed of 19, leaving a balance of 12.

On account of the marriages of the two Baiji Sahebans in the beginning of the year a great portion of His Highness' time was taken up in ordering arrangements and preparations to be made. The work of His Highness' Court, in consequence, fell into arrears to a great extent, and hence a great number of appeals remains pending at the close of the year. The Diwan was also busily engaged in the marriage preparations and in addition some important State work necessitated his presence on Mount Abu for a few months. These coupled with some internal administration exigencies made a great encroachment upon his time and stood in the way of his conducting the work of the Court in a regular manner. The marriage of the Maharaj Kumar Sahib to be celebrated on the 20th of November next year had also its share of attention of His Highness and the Diwan, and hence a portion of their time had to be expended on it too.

- 42. All statistics in regard to the workings of the different Civil and Criminal Courts of the State are embodied in Appendices VIII, IX, X, XI and XII.
- 43. No person was extradited to and from Sirohi during the year under report.
- 44. There being no extradition agreement between Sirohi and Jodhpur, a great deal of inconvenience is often felt and a very lengthy correspondence has to be made before any surrender of an accused is effected. Hence the two Darbars have thought it proper to draft an agreement in consultation with the Resident, Western Rajputana States, and the approval of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General. It is expected that the formal agreement will soon be signed.
- 45. In addition to the various lock-ups in the different Tehsils, where prisoners sentenced by the local courts upto two months imprisonment are confined, there is a big central Jail at the capital, which consists of three barracks enclosed within a pacea wall 18 ft. in height. The immates of the Jail at the commencement of the year numbered 109 and 137 were admitted during the year, making a total of 246. Out of this total, 141 were released at the expiration of their terms of imprisonment, leaving 105 at the end of the year.

The total expenses for fooding and clothing of the prisoners at the Jail were Rs. 4,340-1-6.

46. The health and conduct of the prisoners remained as satisfactory as anything throughout the year. There was no ground for any complaint of the breach of rules or want of discipline on the part of the prisoners.

Extradition.

Prison.

The subjoined	table testifies	to the healthy	condition of the	prisoners.
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Partic	`		Males.	Females.	Total.		
Daily average strength Maximum strength Prisoners treated by H. Daily average of sick Death		•••	•••	•••	110·96 124 61 2·46	8·14 6 5 ·22	119·10 130 66 2·68

- 47. During the year under report a new industry—that of weaving carpets (dari) and newar-was experimentally started at the Jail. The prisoners have turned out some fine carpets and strong pieces of Newar. The profit derived by the sale of these articles is not worth anything and barely covers the expenses incurred in buying the materials for weaving purposes. But it is expected that if a larger number of prisoners are taught this industry and if the work is carried on systematically it will be a paying concern. Moreover, if the prisoners, who are engaged in this new industry, learn to make good peices of carpets and newar, they may, after finishing their terms of imprisonment in the Jail, take to this industry and pass their life on a more peaceful occupation.
- There are no specified rules in force for the Registration of documents. Registration, The new set of rules, drafted long ago, have not yet been passed into law.
- There are three Municipalities in the State, at Abu, Abu Road and Municipal Administration. Sheoganj. The two Municipalities at Abu Road and Sheoganj are in the hands of the local State Officials, who are assisted by the local Hospital Assistants. income of these two municipalities amounted during the year under report to Rs. 1,364-3-9 and Rs. 494-1-0 respectively, while the expenses incurred in them were Rs. 1,158-7-6 and Rs. 692-15-3 respectively. The deficit amount of expenditure of the Sheoganj Municipality was paid from the State Treasury. suitability of placing the Abu Road Municipality in the hands of a small municipal committee composed of State Officials and some leading men of the locality, is under the consideration of the Darbar.
- No particular detail of the Abu Municipality can be given here, save that it is entirely in the hands of a committee consisting of some of the high Officials of the local Government, and that a sum of Rs. 3,000 is annually contributed towards it by the Sirohi Darbar, as no report of the workings of the Municipality has yet been received.
- A sum of Rs. 184-13-9 was spent for conservancy purposes at Sirohi and The total expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 5,036-4-6, as will be found in Appendix XXII.

CHAPTER IV.

PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

The total rainfall at Sirohi during the year was 33 inches and 62 cents, Seafon and Crops which is far above the normal. A reference to Appendix XVII will show that the average rainfall for the past five years has been estimated at 19 inches and 20 The Kharif crop of 1906 produced about 15 annas in the rupee as the

rainfall during the previous year was very seasonable and much was expected of the Rabi crops. But as luck would have it, a severe fall of hailstones occurred in the month of February last in some parts of the State and did much damage to the standing crop. The fall at Sirohi and its surrounding villages was very terrible, the like of which none had witnessed before. The fields in those places where there was no hailstorm were in a good condition and the standing crops were flourishing, but a visitation of blight all over the State damaged the crops which yielded an outturn of only 10 annas in the Rupeo. Tho heavy downpour at the beginning of the monsoon, seemed to brighten the prospects of good Kharif crops for the timo being and the cultivators became cheerful. All of them had extended their cultivation and began the work in right earnest, but their disappointment knew no bounds when the later rains failed. Their expectation of a golden harvest was dashed to pieces and the standing crops were expected to yield a low outturn. This will be dealt with in the next report. The statement as to the prices of staple food grains is appended. This, however, does not show the prices during the last half-year, when they had sold almost at famine rates. Fortunately, however, the excessive fall of rain during the year proved very beneficial to grass and fodder, which grew abundantly and afforded to the poor people an opportunity of maintaining themselves by collecting them and selling them in the market. Morcover the spontaneous growth of some kinds of jungle grains, locally known as Kuri and Sama, helped the poor people to maintain themselves.

Wages and Labour

53. There was no market difference in the wages of labourers this year.

Public works.

- 54. The work of the carriage shed, which was stopped last year, was resumed and progressed throughout the year. The upper story of the western side was roofed and on the front side, the masonry work of the second story was completed. The wall on the eastern side is now under construction. The roof of the Bungalow at Sirohi occupied by Lt. H. R. N. Pritchard and the Maharaj Kumar Sahib was leaking and was damaged in many places. New roof was consequently laid out and new quarters had also to be constructed to provide sufficient accommodation for the servants. As remarked in the last year's report the work on the new Kothi in Abu was finished in June 1906, but a balance of Rs. 16,165 was paid to the contractor this year in final settlement of his bill. The annual white-washing and repairs as well as petty additions and alterations were dono to the State buildings.
- 55. No new roads were laid out this year. The following roads were repaired and patched up as usual:—
 - (a) The Sirohi-Pindwara Road.
 - (b) The Rohera-Kotra Road.
 - (c) The Kharari-Ambaji Road.
 - (d) The Abu-Erinpura Road.
 - (e) The Abu-Achalgarh Road.
 - (f) The Palace-Garden Road.
- 56. No new tank work was taken in hand nor any additional work commenced on any of the existing ones. Only the work of repairs to the bund and ducts of the Chandela Tank and to the dam of the old Sirohi tank was commenced.

- 57. Parwanas for 12 wells to be nowly sunk and parwanas and permits for ropairing 26 old ones were granted to the Bohras, while the expenses of sinking throe new wells and repairing 12 old ones were defrayed from the State Exchequer. There was no necessity for sinking or repairing any more wells on account of the sufficient rainfall during the year.
- 58. The total expenditure under this head, including the money provided for by the Bohras, amounted to Rs. 38,350-0-6, of which Rs. 30,892-4-6 was paid from the State Treasury.
- the Diwan. He looked after the finances and had general supervision, while the management of the State forests, except Abu, and all other works concerning them were entirely in the hands of the Deputy Forest Ranger, Pandit Gendalal, who had his head-quarters at Pindwara. The forests of Abu were in the hands of the Forest Officer, Babu Parameshwar Das, who had his head-quarters at Abu. The Forest Establishment of the State consisted, for the year under report, of 1 Forest Ranger, 1 Deputy Forest Ranger, 4 Foresters, 3 Clerks and 44 Forest Guards. Over and above these there are certain Customs Clerks, who looked after the Forest revenue and collected royalty on wood, etc. From the beginning of the next year, however, the post of the Deputy Forest Ranger is proposed to be brought under reduction. The Forest Ranger, in that case, shall have to make tours in the Forests on the plain in company with the Forester of the local Division and impart to him his scientific advice and supervise his work from time to time.
- 60. As pointed out in the last Administration Report, the preservation and the improvement of the Abu Forests have specially engrossed the attention of the Darbar, and the new set of rules restricting the possession of sheep and goats above a certain number by the inhabitants passed last year, is expected to do a great deal of good to the Abu Forests. For the still better and efficient management of the Abu Forests, a Committee with the Resident, W. R. States, as President, and the Magistrate of Abu, the Diwan of Sirohi and the Forest Ranger of the State as members, was formed towards the close of the year and on the first sitting of the Committee on the 25th of September 1907, and on the subsequent ones certain proposals were made regarding the management and the administration of the Abu Forests. There were altogether five such meetings of the members this year.
 - 61. To make provision for emergencies and such similar circumstances, a small portion of the forest is kept reserve and a certain portion is protected, the rest being all open, from which the poorer portion of the population gather fuel and grass and sell them in the market.
 - 62. The total income during this year of the Forest Department amounted to Rs. 34,618-14-0 against a total expenditure of Rs. 6,618-6-9 for the same period, showing a net income of Rs. 28,000-7-3. This large income is due, to a very great extent, to the workings of the different stone quarries in the State, specially the Morthala ones.
 - 63. The management of the Forest Department was on the whole officient and satisfactory throughout the year.

Customs

64. The Customs Department of the State remained as before, under the charge of Modi Son Malji, an old sorvant of the State with a good deal of experience. Under him this department has made good improvement and the income has increased to an appreciable extent. The Appendix XXII will show that the total income and expenditure of this department were Rs. 1,73,718-2-9 and Rs. 33,722-15-3 respectively. This rise in the Customs income is to an extent accounted for by the fact that during the year under report there was an unusually large expert of ghee and til, which latter grew in abundance on account of seasonable rainfall during the mensoon of 1906. In the enclosed Customs Tariff (Appendix XXVI) are embodied the different rates that are realised as duty on different articles experted, or imported as the case may be. A transit duty of Rs. 5 only per maund is levied on opium alone.

Trade and Manufacture.

- 65. The gradual increase in the income of the Customs Department of the State shows a corresponding increase in the trade and commerce of the country. Many Mahajans of the State have shops at Bombay, Calcutta, Surat, Madras and other important centres of trade in British India. There are many shops in the State and some of them are in good condition, owned by the capitalists of the neighbouring States and other parts of India. The principal articles of export were ghec, wool, hide, leather, cotton, and rapeseed, while those of import were opium, gurh, sugar, piecogoods, tobacco, metals, grains, etc. daggors and other weapons of Sirohi were, at one time, famous throughout India, but somehow or other the manufacture of these articles decreased to a great extent. It is, however, pleasant to note that it seems to be reviving of late and the demand, at least in Sirohi, seems to be increasing. Some of the blacksmiths have turned out this year a number of very good penknives and scissers, which are selling at cheaper rates than foreign made articles of a similar nature. enamelling with gold and silver of the hilts and blades of swords and daggers and other iron articles is worthy of note, though the demand for these things is not at all great.
- 66. The tannery established by the hide centractor at Kharari worked satisfactorily throughout the year.
- 67. The weaving of coarse cloth has revived throughout the State. Dyeing and printing of cloth are being encouraged and the red coarse cloth and scarves continued as before to be experted.
- 68. The ice-factory at Kharari owned by Messrs. Moonalal and Sons did not work well at all and hence the company propose to construct another building for the factory on more modern lines and fit the same with some improved mechanism.
- 69. The general condition of the State during the present year was on the whole not bad. The Kharif crops of the last year produced very good harvest, though the Rabi crops were damaged greatly on account of blight. A detailed account of the two harvests has been given under "soason and crop" supra. Though the prices of food grains had risen very high, the poorer class of the population did not suffer much on account of the spontaneous growth of some kinds of jungle grains. Moreover the abundant growth of grass in the jungle induced the labouring classes to bring head loads and sell them in the market at a higher rate than usual. In spite of the abundant supply of grass and fuel, they are selling

General condition of the State and People,

very dear and seem to compensate them for the rise in the price of food grains for the poor people. There was no visitation of cholera or any other epidemic disease in the State, except nine cases of plague at Pindwara, of which seven proved fatal. By taking prompt sanitary measures, the disease was stamped out in a short time. At the close of the year, however, tho contagious disease of Kharar (foot and mouth disease) and small-pox broko out very severely among the cattle in many districts. Prompt measures were taken and at the instance of the Vetorinary Assistant at Sirohi, instructions were immediately issued to the different Tehsildars as to how to deal with the cases. A great number of cattle including buffaloes have died during the latter portion of the year. The condition of the agricultural classes however does not compare, on the whole, badly, with that of the previous years.

There are altogether 11 Post Offices in the whole of the State, of which Offices, thoso at Sirohi, Abu Road and Erinpura are combined Post and Telegraph Abu has the advantage of possessing a separate Telegraph Office. Offices.

- The Rajputana-Malwa Railway Stations are all utilized for telegraphic 71. purposes.
- The Post Offices in the State are under the supervision of the Deputy Post Master General for Rajputana and are of very great importance both to the State and the public.
- The State never possessed any mint of its own. In former days the Mint. Bhilari coins were in circulation. But at present the Imperial British currency is in use.

CHAPTER W.

REVENUE AND FINANCE.

- The financial condition of the State is at present not very satisfactory. Large sums were borrowed at different times to combat the famine and scarcity of 1900 and 1902, to meet the Delhi Darbar expenses and for administrative purposes generally, and for a few years after the famine operations were over, the expenditure was in excess of the income of the State. These causes combined told heavily on the State finances, as the yearly interest on the different loans was a heavy item of expenditure every year. Serious efforts have been made since the year 1904-05 at curtailmont of, and strict supervision over, expenditure in every branch, and the Sirohi Darbar would have by this time paid off more than half of their liabitities had it not for the heavy urgent extraordinary expenses in the shape of the marriages of His Highness, eldest Baiji Saheba in 1905-06, which cost the State the sum of Rs. 76,343, and of the 2nd and 3rd Baiji Sahebans in February and March 1907, which cost the State the large sum of Rs. 1,26,998-14-0* in addition to the sum of Rs. S5,025 kindly paid by His Highness.
- The period under report was a very good one, and with economy on the one hand, and increased income on the other, the total expenditure, including the heavy extraordinary expenditure required for the marriages, was kept well within income. The total income of the State was Rs. 5.09,144-1-6 and expenditure Rs. 4,53,370-2-6 showing a credit balance of Rs. 55,773-15-0 at the close of

Of this sum only Rs. 1,06,493 6-0 were actually paid, leaving a balance of Rs. 20,505-8-0 for adjustment.

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- 74. The financial condition of the State is at present not very satisfactory. Large sums were borrowed at different times to combat the famine and scarcity of 1900 and 1902, to meet the Delhi Darbar expenses and for administrative purposes generally, and for a few years after the famine operations were over, the expenditure was in excess of the income of the State. These causes combined told heavily on the State finances, as the yearly interest on the different loans was a heavy item of expenditure every year. Serious efforts have been made since the year 1904-05 at curtailment of, and strict supervision over, expenditure in every branch, and the Sirohi Darbar would have by this time paid off more than half of their liabitities had it not for the heavy urgent extraordinary expenses in the shape of the marriages of His Highness, eldest Baiji Saheba in 1905-06, which cost the State the sum of Rs. 76,343, and of the 2nd and 3rd Baiji Sahebans in February and March 1907, which cost the State the large sum of Rs. 1,26,998-14-0* in addition to the sum of Rs. 85,025 kindly paid by His Highness.
- 75. The period under report was a very good one, and with economy on the one hand, and increased income on the other, the total expenditure, including the heavy extraordinary expenditure required for the marriages, was kept well within income. The total income of the State was Rs. 5.09,144-1-6 and expenditure Rs. 4,53,370-2-6 showing a credit balance of Rs. 55,773-15-0 at the close of

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the year, which sum was paid towards the liquidation of the State debts. The ordinary and extraordinary receipts during the year under report exclusive of the sum of Rs. 33,066-7-0 received on account of the special tax for the marriages of Baiji Sahebans were Rs. 4,76,077-10-6 and the ordinary and the extraordinary expenditure, exclusive of that required for the marriages and exclusive of the amount paid in discharge of debts, was Rs. 3,46,876-12-6, so that excluding the marriages and debts, receipts would have exceeded expenditure by over14 lakhs of Rupees. The different items of income and expenditure will be found in Appendix XXII.

- 76. The principal sources of revenue in the State were Rs. 1,05,519 as Land Revenue (fixed and fluctuating) and Rs. 1,73,718 as Customs Revenue, which are greater than those of the average of 12 months of the preceding period. The increaso in Land Revenue is due to the fact of seasonable rainfall of 1906 and in eonsequence the yield of the Kharif crops was very good and also to a certain extent to the good work done by the Talatis. Had not the Rabi crops been damaged by blight, the increase on this head would have been still greater. With respect to the Customs revenue, the increase is mainly due to a very large export of ghee and til seeds during the period under report. Some increase is also noticeable in Mayeshi (grazing tax), and in timber duty and jungle produce owing to a large export of ballast for Railway construction from the Morthala quarries near Abu Road. As a largo number of succession certificates was granted during the year, there was an increase in the tax on this head. On account of the year being favourable, the Taccavi collections were larger than in the preceding period. The other sources of revenue were about normal, there being little fluctuations here and there.
- 77. With regard to the increase over the Budget allotment in some of the heads of expenditure, the following deserve notice:—
 - (a) The expenses under the household personal expenses of His Highness exceeded the Budget grant by about Rs. 4,000, owing to His Highness' visit to Bombay in May 1907 for the benefit of his health and medical treatment.
 - (b) That of Maharaj Kumar Sahib by about Rs. 5,000 on account of his remaining out of Sirohi for a longer period than usual, when allowances were given to his servants and other expenses were incurred in connection with his tours.
 - (c) Talati Mehkma, by about Rs. 3,000 owing to the appointment of some new Talatis for the better management of the department.
 - (d) Boundary, by about Rs. 8,000 on account of survey expenses and fees paid to Col. Strahan, Messrs. Bourne & Shepherd, etc., for their labours in connection with the representation made to the Government of India in the Palanpur and Danta eases.
 - (e) Customs Department, by about Rs. 6,000 owing to greater hugs paid to Jagirdars and unusual larger remissions granted to traders consequent on increased income.
 - (t) Rewards, by about Rs. 4,000 on account of the marriages of the Baiji Sahebans, when rewards had to be given to the Darbar guests.

- (g) Grass, by about Rs. 2,000 on account of the additional quantity of grass required, at the time of the marriages, for horses of the Jagirdars, who attended them and also for the horses of carriages hired on the occasions.
- (h) Abu and Kaisharganj Kothies, by about Rs. 3,500 on account of the cost of the new establishment for the new Kothi at Abu and also for the cost of some bullocks urgently required for the garden attached to the Kaisharganj Kothi.
- 78. There was heavy extraordinary expenditure on account of the marriages of the two Baiji Sahebans and the expenses in connection with the Darbar held at Agra in January last, where His Highness intended to be present, but on account of ill health had to give up the idea of attending it at the last moment. Some preparations were however made at Agra, and hence the outlay. A sum of Rs. 2,000 was contributed to the Mayo College Fund, which was also an extraordinary item of expenditure.

Debts.

79. At the close of the last year, the total amount of State liabilities was Rs. 4,62,304-0-2; during the year Rs. 55,773-15-0 were paid off, leaving a balance Rs. 4,06,530-1-2. Accrued interest was Rs. 20,427-10-3, which when added to the principal, brought up the debt to Rs. 4,26,957-11-5; to this must be added a further liability of Rs. 20,505-8-0, on account of unpaid bills incurred on the marriages of the Baiji Sahebans and the total liability therefore at the end of the year amounted to Rs. 4,47,463-3-5, so that during the year under report the debt of the State was reduced by Rs. 14,840-12-9. It is satisfactory to note that in spite of such heavy extraordinary expenditure, the State was able to show a decided improvement in the shape of liquidating its debts.

80. The table given below will show the debts due by the State:-

Creditors.	Amount of with lateres daring th	tacc	rued	Payments made during the year.	Balance due on the 31st October 1907.		
		Rs.	a.	р.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Seth Himat Malji (General)	•	1,89,369	J	9	28,360 15 0	1,61,008 2 9	
Do. (Coronation) .	••	45,625	5	6	•••••	45,625 5 6	
Government Loan	••	1,50,456	15	6	20,000 0 0	1,30,456 15 6	
Khan Bahadur Framji of Abu .	••	20,083	12	3	7,413 0 0	12,670 12 3	
Miscellaneous	••	*97,701	15	3	•••••	97,701 15 3	
Total .	••	5,03,237	7 2	5	55,773 15 0	4,47,468 3 5	

^{*} This sum includes Rs 20,505-8-0 on account of unpaid bills incurred on the marriages of the Baiji Sahebans.

81. It is not out of place here to remove a misconeeption, which is likely to arise from the fact that in Appendix No. XXII the income and expenditure tally with each other, without leaving a cash balance at the end of the year. It may be asked, how can the work of the State go on without a working cash balance at the end of an official year, and where the money will come from, if, before any receipts at the beginning of the next year are credited, any urgent extraordinary expenditure is required to be made. The principle involved in the querry holds good where the treasury system is in force. The peculiar system prevalent for a long time in this State is that there is no separate treasury, and the Seth who is the Treasurer of the State is also the creditor, and so long as the debt due to him is not paid off, any excess of income over expenditure at the end of a year is eredited to the prepayment of his debts. If any urgent extraordinary expenditure is required to be made by the State, the Seth would pay it at once, and there is no difficulty to the State to get the money. If under the present circumstances any working eash balance is set apart at the end of the year, the State would derive no material benefit, while on the contrary, it will be the loser of the interest of that sum until it is credited to the repayment of the Seth's debt. will therefore be seen that, so long as the present system lasts, there is not the slightest necessity for a working cash balance to be set apart at the end of the year.

CHAPTER WI.

VITAL STATISTICS.

Dispensaries.

82. As reported in the previous year, the total number of dispensaries in the Sirchi State was 6, of which the two dispensaries at Sirchi and the one at Sheoganj are solely maintained by the State, while the remaining three at Abu, Abu Road and Erinpura Cantonment are supported by the Government and by public subscription. The Crosthwaite Hospital at Sirchi has accommodation for 25 in-door patients. All the dispensaries are well equipped with medicines and necessary appliances. The total number of patients treated at the Crosthwaite Hospital and the Sheoganj Dispensary was 14,372, of which 136 were in-door and 14,236 out-door patients, against a total of 17,014 of the previous 19 months. The increase in the number clearly shows to what extent the two hospitals have become popular. The Residency Surgeon, Western Rajputana States, rendered all possible help to these institutions in the form of his professional advice, etc., and under his supervision the Hospital Assistants worked very satisfactorily throughout the year.

Midwives.

83. Three women have become trained as midwives at Ajmer, but they do not seem to be popular, as the people in general prefer to have recourse to the old *Dhai* system.

Vaccination,

84. The total number of children vaccinated during the year under report was 6,103 against 6,546 of the previous 19 months. Vaccination is growing more and more popular every year and the people seem to have appreciated its importance. The total cost of the medical department of the State amounted for the year to Rs. 3,449-3-3. All details about the vital statistics of the State will be found in Appendix XXIV. The registration of births and deaths is confined only to the towns and the big villages.

CHAPTER VII.

EDUCATION.

- 85. There are altogether three English Schools in the State, one of which at the capital teaches up to the Middle Standard and is maintained by the State. The school is in good working order and the people seem to have appreciated to a certain extent the benefits of education, as will appear from the gradual increase of the students on the rolls as well as from the daily average of attendance. Appendix XXVI gives detailed information regarding this School. There are numerous private primary schools throughout the State, where elementary Vernacular education is imparted to the boys.
- 86. The Darbar have been pleased to grant a few State scholarships to students to enable them to receive higher education at Ajmer and Jaipur.

Two boys of the Sirohi School have finished their Middle Standard Course this year and are therefore proposed to be sent up for the Rajputana Middle School Examination to be held next year at Ajmer.

The supervision of education remained, as usual, under the charge of the Assistant Diwan, who held weekly examinations of the boys and helped the different teachers in discharging their duties satisfactorily. The total cost of education was Rs. 1,283-3-0 for the year.

CHAPTER VIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

87. The people belonging to the criminal tribes in Sirohi are generally criminal Tribe. Minas and Bhils. The year commenced with 111 persons of the criminal tribe on the register. Four were newly admitted during the year, making a total of 115 persons. Of these, one absconded and 2 died, leaving a balance of 112 persons at the end of the year, who lived peacefully on cultivation and labour, 66 being entirely cultivators, 3 partners in cultivation and 38 labourers, while 5 persons are serving their terms of imprisonment in the State Jail. These persons had under them 908 bighas and 19 biswas of land for cultivation and were located as under:—

Locali	ty.					No	o of Persons.
Parganna	Khuni	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	30
17	Jhora Kha	ral	•••	•••	•••	•••	21
23	Magra		• • •	***	•••	•••	11
99	Pamera		***	•••	***	••	8
21	Madar		***	•••	•••		18
27	Santpur		•••	***	•••	•••	5
"	Rohera		•••	•••	• •••	•••	7
Patta Nib	aj	•••	•••		•••	•••	7
In Jail		•••	•••	***	***	•••	5
					Total	•••	112

Lithographic Press.

88. There is a Lithographie Press at Sirohi, which printed all the forms, registers, eirculars, orders, etc., which were required for the various Courts and Offices or which had to be widely promulgated. The staff consisted of a pressman and an assistant, who were helped by the prisoners. The work done by the Press this year was satisfactory.

Death and Succession of big Jagir-dars.

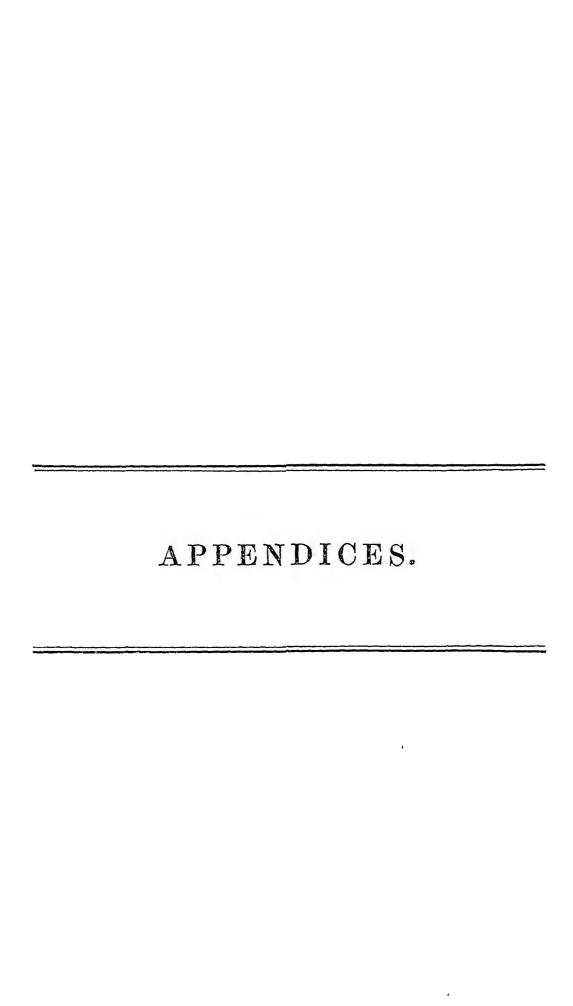
- 89. During the year under report Raj Saheban Tej Singhji Sahib of Manadar, one of the prominent members of His Highness' Bhayats, died, leaving two sons, the elder Raj Saheban Dalpat Singhji Sahib succeeding him. During the same period Thakuran Raj Shree Prithwirajji of Kalandari died, without leaving any heirs. The question as to who would succeed him was still pending decision of the Darbar at the end of the year.
- 90. A few years ago Thakuran Raj Shree Mool Singhji, head of the Sarayets, of Padiv had died, leaving an only son Thakur Abhey Singhji. But as the latter had been a minor at that time and is a cripple, the Jagir had to be managed by the State. This year he was granted the succession parwana and the Jagir was made over to him.

Concluding Remarks.

- 91. It is very satisfactory to note that under the wise and able tuition of Lt. H. R. N. Pritchard, the Maharaj Kumar Sahib has been making steady progress both physically and mentally.
- 92. His Highness the Maharao Sahib Bahadurji continued to show the same zeal and personal interest in all State affairs and devoted, as usual, the greater part of the day to looking after them and helping the different officials in properly discharging their duties.
- 93. In conclusion the Darbar beg to accord their deep sense of gratitude to Col. W. Statton, Resident, Western Rajputana States, for his prompt and valuable advice at all times in matters requiring his help.

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Sirohi State.



APPENDIX I.

Names of high State and Residency Officials showing changes in personnel for the year 1906-07.

MANUA OR ORDIGED	Ammaintenant	Per	iod
NAME OF OFFICER.	Appointment.	From	То
Residency Officials.			
LtCol. W. C. R. Stratton, I. A	Resident, W. R. S	1st November 1906.	31st October 1907.
Lt. W. A. M. Garstin, I. A.	Asst. Resident, W.R.S.	4th August 1907	Do.
Major P. B. Haig, I.M.S.	Residency Surgeon W.R.S.	1st November 1906.	5th November 1906
Major H. E. Drake Brokeman I.M.S.	Do	6th November 1906.	19th November 1906
LtCol. H. N.V. Harrington, I.M.S	. Do	20th November 1906.	21st April 1907.
LtCol. R. Shore, I.M S.	Do	22nd April 1907	17th May 1907.
LtCol. H. N.V. Harrington, I.M.S	. Do	18th May 1907	31st May 1907.
LtCol. R. C. Macwatt, I.M.S	. Do	1st June 1907	31st October 1907.
State Officials.			
Babu Saratchandra Roy Chow dhury, B.A.	Diwan	1st November 1906.	31st October 1907.
Babu Satischandra Roy Chowdhury	Assistant Diwan	. Do	Do.
Singhi Poonamehandji	Revenue Commissione	Do	Do.
Mehta Keshavlal K. Chhaya, B.A LL.B.	Private Secretary	. Do	Do.
Mehta Maganlalji	Judicial Officer	. Do	. Do.
Qazi Mahomed Niazaliji	Vakil	. Do	Do.
Modi Sonmalji	Customs Superintend	Do	Do.
Batad Chen Singhji	Police Superintenden	Do	Do.

APPENDIX II.

List of Luws in force in the Sirohi State for the Year 1906-07.

4 17 1 X 18 1 X	Вемликв.								
	Introduced during year under report.								•
	Whether adopted from British India Acts.	Xes, with some modifications so as to suit local require-					!!!		
		•	:::	:::	:::	:::	::	::	
	9	:	:::	:::	:::	:::	::	::	
		:	:::	:::	.rs	·: : :	::	::	
	5 .	:	:::	:::	Circult	:::	::	als 	
DESCRIPTION.	:	 cations	:::	Aet) ns and	:::	: :	o Anim		
	:	92 o modifi	:::	itation egulatic	ourts		aelty t	İ	
		no	Jagirdar and Sardars Boundary rules of 1892 Extradition with some modifications	urt	Qanoon Suna'at (Limitation Act) Civil and Criminal Regulations and Circulars Rovenue Circulars	Constitution of the Courts Queen Stump Court-fees Rules	es of 18 tions	vont C	
	a-Qanoo	ar and ary rul lition w	Border Court Panolnyat Court Polico Quedus	Qanoon Suna'at (J Civil and Criminal Rovenne Circulars	Constitution of the Quinoon Skiinp	ing Rul Regula	t to Pre 0s Act		
		Dan-ka-Qanoon	Jagird Bound Extrad	Bordel Panohi Polico	Qanool Civil n Royont	Constitution of the Qanoon Skunp Court-foes Rules	Gunbling Rules of 1885 Polico Regulations	An Act to Prevont Graelty to Animals Ructories Act	
	No.	1	೮1 ಬಿ 4	7.00	8 01		15	16	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Siroli State.

APPENDIX III.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost and other Particulars of the Military Force in the Sirohi State for the year 1906-07.

					Na	mber of 1	Number of Fighting Officers	ОЩеств	and Men.		Dotails	of Force	Doiails of Force at the end of the Current Lear.	ıd of tho	Current	Year.		
				I.	.763		Ü	Casualties.		.169T Jt	snoitatin			Namber of men.	of men.		Total Cost on	
₽.	ARM OF SERVICE.	SRVIC	Š		At the end of the last ye	Recenited this year.	Died.	Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, etc.	At the end of the eurre	No. of Regiments or B or Batteries.	No. of guns.	European Commis- sioned Officers.	Pative Commise.	Non-Commission of Garas.	Fighting men.	necount or tray and Allowance of the Roree including Fellowers.	Вемавка.
	1				63	_г	**	ıs	9	-	8	6	10	11	13	13	11	16
Cavalry					:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Rs. a. p.	
Sappers	:	i	:	:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	
Artillery	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	9	:	8	:	:	;	ıa	0 0 008	
Infantry	•	:	:		120	12	H	:	11	120	:	:	:	:	:	120	9,535 14 6	
Imperial Service Troops	vice Tro	€ďo	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	
			Total	:	125	12	=	<u> </u>	11	125	:	8	:	:	:	125	9,835 14 6	
				-	-	-												

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Sirohi State,

APPENDIX IV.

Statement showing the Strength, Cost, Discipline and Education of the Police for 1906-07.

		ВЕМАПИВ. tion.	<u>-</u>	•	•				***	CHOWDHIEV.
	tion.	No. under instruction.		•	<u>.</u>		: 			LORA
	Education.	Vo. ablo to rend and write.	1	10	30	105			142	NA EN EN
	rds	By money.	:	:	:	:	<u>:</u>	:		GAD
	Rewards.	By promotion.			:	20	:		20	
-		Punished By judicially, promotion.		:	က	Ħ	:		14	
	Panishments.	Fined, degraded or suspended depart- mentally.			ಸಂ	10	•	:	15	
	Pa	Dismissed.		:	63	20	:	:	22	
			<u>a.o</u>	0	0	9	0	9	8 0	
3		Total Cost.	Rs. n.	738 0	12,180 12	33,024 15	180 0	9 12	46,733	
		Pay of Grade.	20	13—22	10—18	3—15	15	:		
Calculation		Zumber.	-	70	81	587		:	675	
2	-			:	and	end	:		:	_
		FFICE.	: 00	:	amadars •••	Ihanedars 	:	;	Total	
		4 OF 0	f Poli	:		gaiba	:	;	•	
		DESCRIPTION OF OFFICE.	Superintendent of Police	Naib Foujdars	Sawars, including Jamadars and Thanodars	Foot Police, including Thancdars and Jamadars	Fouj Baklıshi	Affice lle monte	M Iscolntones	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX W.

Statement showing the Working of the Police in the Sirohi State for the year 1906-07.

	Демликв.	16	275 remaining at the end of the year, 14 died and 4 transferred, which have been shown in appendices 7 and 8.
ntago ited of d sent rial.	Present year.	15	30.4
Percentage convicted of Accused sent for trial.	Past period.	†1	56.3
nge of tions	Presont year.	13	₹-68
Percentinge of Cenvictions (columns 4 & 5)	Past period.	13	56.3
fr of cqmtted arged,	Present year.	11	685
Number of Acensed acquited or discharged.	Past period,	10	878
	Present year.	6	638
Number of Accused	Past period.	88	1,143
er of sent ial.	Present year.	2	1,616
Number of Accused sent for trial.	Past period.	9	2,026 1,616 1,142
er of sscd ted.	Present year.	ī	1,616
Number of Accrscd arrested.	Past period.	*	2,026
er of ces.	Ртевель усат.	8	731
Number of Offences.	Past period.	64	1,250
			i
	STATE.	1	i
	ST,		:
			Sirohi

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Dinan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX VI.

Statement showing the Value of Property stolen and Amount of Recoveries in the Sirohi State for the year 1906-07.

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Siroli State,

APPENDIX WIT.

. Statement showing the Number of Crimes committed, Number of Cases disposed of and Cuses awaiting trial in the Sirohi State during 1906-1907.

			1	1							
		усленка.	15		•						
		Awaltlag trial.	000	<u> </u>	: 2	1	, n	:	49	-:	ä
	1	Capital puelshment.	S	<u> </u>	. :	: :	:	:	:	:	:
		Transportation.	88		: :	:	:	:	:	:	:
		Above 5 years.	27	: 	: :		: :	:	CI	:	:
ri.		From 3 to 5 Jears.	26	-	: :	: :	:	:	:	 :	:
NAUN		From 2 to 3 years.	22		: :	:	:	:	-:	:	:
TERNS OF INPRESONMENT.		Frm I to 2 Jests.	57		: :	:	:	:	:	:	:
8 OF I		From 6 to 12 months.	- z		: :	:	:	:	2	64	က
Tern		From 3 to 6 months.	22	<u>'</u> :	: :	· :	:	:		:	•
		From 2 to 3 months.	2		:	:	:		:	:	:
		From 1 to 2 months.	20		64	:		<u>:</u>	-:		:
		Under one month.	£	-:	:	:	~	:	<u> </u>	 :	,co
	.tairt orc	Number of persons died daring or belo	18		н	:	:	 :	:	-	:
	*0a	Number of persons confined being inso	Ħ	:	:		 :	-:	:	:	:
	arged.	Number of persons acquitted or disch	27	-:	10			~	ន	7	<u> </u>
		Total,	- 51	-:	٥	7	87	-	9	*	Ħ
		Whipplas.	77	:	:	:		-:	:	;	:
Nember of Persons Sevenoed.		Fino only.	13	:	1.	_	n	1.	64	C4	R
OF PI	on dund	Rigorous.	12	:	-	:	:	:	-1	:	6
SEN	Imprison- ment and fine.	,9lqml2	n	:	:	:	~	-:	:	:	4
Ż		Blgorous,	10	:	-	:	:	:	ro	64	15
	Imprieon- nient.	,olqml2	6	:	:	:	:	-:	:	:	61
		Number of persons convicted.	60	:	6	-	10	7	ø	4	Ħ
30 Osuv	led Salbi	Number of persons apprehended incli-		:	42	69	=	ъ	20	13	323
r.	.cept 2co	Number of teses disposed of doring pr	-	:	13	64	10	63	-	~	177
	st berlog.	Rumber of cases disposed of during pa	70		24	_	ь	14	13	c	33.4
F		,faloT	4	:	23	69	8	m	Ħ	-	194
Noundr of Otherers.		Committed during the present year.	e .	:	5	:	62	613	9	-	172
No.		.holrag tang odt mort sonafals	2	:	11	04	m	:	10	;	22
	3 1	Description of operacis,	1	Offences relating to public tranguillity.	Offences by State servants	Contempt of lawful anthogity by State	Falso evidence and offences against public justice	Offences relating to weights and	Offences against life	Cansing miscarriage	Hurt

•																			
23	:	41	:	69	12	80	:	6	**	80	œ	28	:	11	:	80	=======================================	28	275
:	:	:	;	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	;	:	:	:	:	.
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:	:	:	1	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:	;	:	:	:	:	60
:	:	:	:		:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
:	:	;	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	-	:	:	:	-
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-	8	4	:	5	ន	:	;	-	26	=	• —	37	_	:	-	9	16	Ħ	450
es	:	:	:	=======================================	**	:	:	22	61	61	:	:	:	=	-	:	:	-	4
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æ	=	45	9	113	115	12	-	22	45	33	34	103	=	67	ო	ם	8	4	1,616
80	60	63	10	7.2	92	10	7	7	11	13	10	8	6	87	60	-	22	171	735
Ħ	10	91 , *	m	143	107	· ·	ំ 	7	13	15	=	5	13	8	(3	23	89	277	884 1 262 705 1,616
10	es	-	16	53	£	7.	*	12	81	ព	20	8	<u>-</u>	16 16	8	<u> </u>	38	140	,
	67	**	**			2	67	80	î	15	15	23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	82	67	6	22	158	E
→ 			1	۲۰	#	41	64	-	.	4	19	۲.	_	9		:	9	23	153
:	:	:	;	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Total
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Wrongful coi finen ent	O Tences relating to religion	Criminal force and assault	Rape	Theft	Cattle lifting	Highway robbery	Dacofty	Criminal misappropriation	Receiving stolen property	Chartleg	Frindulent decis	Mischief	Trespass	Honso-breaking	Offences relating to marriage	Adultery	Dcfamation	Mecllancons	

· Four yeared along with the Sukharpur theit erse were transferred to the Court of the Abu Azzisterto and dence they have not been included in the column No 30 an aiting trial.

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX VIII.

Statement showing the Number of Offences reported and dealt with by the various Courts in the Sirohi State for the year 1906-07.

		Врмавкя.		* These very persons have been shown against Sessions Court and are therefore not included	in the total of Judicial Officer's Court,	
of the	pe eng	Persons remaining at t	21	185	69	275
	erred.	Pica or escaped to beid	:	17	r-1	18
ed of.		Committed or referred.	:	£8. ♣	:	83
Persons disposed of.		Convicted.	10	250	378	638
Persol		Acquitted.	10	362	313	685
		Discharged without trial.	:	:	:	:
	at.	Present year.	41	814	761	1,616
	Total.	Past period.	49	1,079	1,295	2,423
t with.		Arrested in presence of Magnetrate.	:	170	145	315
of Persons dealt with.	.70-906	Voluntary.	:	10	09	20
	Brought to trial in 1906-07.	anommus nO	•	9	59	65
Number	ought to	JunitaW modU	i	10	rO.	15
	Bri	Arrested by Police.	88	304	432	692
	1	Remaining at the end c past year.	80	314	09	382
er of	reported	Present period.	16	217	498	731
Namb	Offences reported during the year.	Pagt period.	18	383	849	1,250
	<u>*</u>			:	:	:
		30 URT.	:	Court	:	Total
		NAME OF COURT.	Sessions Court	Judicial Officer's Court	Tebsildar's Court	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDBURY,
Diosan, Siroli State.

APPENDIX IX.

Statement showing the Results of Appeals against Decisions passed by the Criminal Courts in the Sirohi State for 1906-07.

		Ввидикв.					
		Pending.	Cases.	14	2.2	H	92
			Persons.	29	120	63	151
	enquiry,	&e., ordered,	Cases.	:	:	:	:
	Further	ke., o	Cases, Persons, Cases, Persons, Cases, Persons, Cases, Persons,	:	:	:	:
		Koferred.	Cases.	:	:	:	:
	-		Persons	:	:	:	
Cascs.	Proceedings	shed.	Cases.	:	:	:	:
30ag and	Proce	un b	Persons.	:	:	:	:
ır of Pen		ersed.	Cases.	:	10	9	16
Numbe	Number of Persons and Cases. 1. Proceedings quashed.		Persons.	:	18	10	28
	ces.	fled.		:	H	က	4
	Sentences.	Modified.	Persons.	:	ਜ	ro	9
		med.	Cases,	 1	9	Ħ	18
		Confirmed.	Cases, Persons.	H	9	22	29
	Applications	sted.		:	•	:	•
	Applic	rejec	Регвопв.	:	:	:	
.enoi	pplicat	n 10 19		15	7 6	21	130
				:	,		:
		AALB.		:	:	's Court	Total
	2 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 +	OGIVI		H. IL's Court	Diwan's Court	Judicial Officer's Court	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX X.

Civil Work-Nature and Value of Original Suits filed and disposed of during 1906-07.

	, O E	Opening balance.	Filled during the period and by transfer or on remand.	luring by by cr or	Total.		Disposed of during the	Closing balance.	ing ace.	g	its fil	Suits filed during the perfed.	ring	the pe	ríod.				Suits	dispo	Suits disposed of during the period.	ing th	e Der	iod.		
TRIBUNALS.	1									Volne.	ed property.	ney transactions.	er rights.	ander Rs. 100.	above Ba. 500 and	above Rs. 1,000 and	ароле Из. 5,000.		d compromised.		Value,	10,	dun	Average duration,	1	Вемлвкя.
	Past period.	Present year.	Past period.	Present year	Past period.	Present year.	Present year.	Past period.	Present year	,	Suits re land	Suits for mo	Suits for oth	No. of suits	Mo. of snits	under Rs. I Wo. of suits under Rs.		Exparte.		Struck off th			Year.	Months.	Days.	
						L				Rs. n. p.	<u> </u>											ų.				
Diwan's Conrt		9	Ħ	6	17	12	===	5 6	01	41,608 2 3	<u>:</u>	es .	9		:	•		:	7	н.	3 40,083	£1	0	10	=======================================	
Jadiefal Officer's Conrt	en :	37 37	146	100	183	187 1	146 10	37	æ	29,407 10 9		3 89	80	#	27	13	:	۲.	16	£-	78 30,854	÷.	•	4	23	
Special Court to try old snits		12 11	69	20	81	3	207	20 11	#	1,765 10 0	:	8	Į.	Ŧ	•	:	:	:	6	*	8 2,383	ນລ	H	0	##	
Tehsildar's Conrts	· ·	33 53	648	477	71.7	670 6	654 486	93	84	24,382 15 9		9 465	က	407	82	:	:	12	118	21 33	333 23,269	13 3	0	0	t	
Total	154	4 147	874	606	1028	7.53	881 610	9 147	134	97,164 6 9	13	577	F	463	1.6	1 2	01	뙲	1.13	33 431	1 96,588	9 6	:	:	:	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Discan, Siroli State.

APPENDIX XI.

Civil Work—Results of Applications for Execution of Decrees during the year 1906-07.

	Remarks.						
Nature of applica- tions pending disposal at the close of 1906-07,	Above 12 months.		:	17	H	27	45
Nature of applica- tions pending disposal at the clos of 1906-07,	Below 12 months.		:	;	7	43	44
Natur tion dispos	Below & months.		:	:	સ	33	43
Olosing Balance.	Velue for present	Rs. a. p.	•	6,217 1 3	837 14 6	7,069 15 3	132 13,654 15 0
losing	Present year.		i	17	e	109	133
6	Past period.		:	13	1	87	113
ed of.	Value for present	Rs. s. p.	•	14,313 9 6	476 6 0	4,344 6 0	19,031 5 6
Disposed of.	Present year.		:	33	01	199	113
	Past period.		:	8	18	103	164
i	Valuo for present	Bs. s. p.	***	30,460 10 9	814 4 6	11,414 6 3	32,689 4 6
Total.	Present year.		:	63	16	174	245
	Past period.		:	99	30	190	276
Application brought to the register.	Value for present	18s. a. p.	•	13,570 3 0	0 8 703	5,239 1 8	19,013 13 3
lication o the re	Present year.		:	7.7 7	4	87	183
Аррі	Past period.		:	30 C2	11	143	191
tol sonsied	Value of opening present year.	Rs. a. p.	:	6,830 7 9	609 13 6	6,175 4 0	113 18,675 8 8
uing ace.	Present year.		:	13	E1	87	113
Opening balanca.	Past poriod.		:	12	£1	48	83
	TRIBUNAL,		Divan's Court	Judicial Officer's Court	Special Court to try old suits	Tahsildar's Courts	Total

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XII.

Civil Work-Number and Results of Appeals in Civil Suits during 1906-07.

		Remarks.	1					
			rear.	å	:	13	25.	!
		lion.	Past period. Present year.	Ä	:	ဗ	4	
		Average Duration.	Pres	Þi	:	:	:	:
		rage	iod.		:	18	133	:
		Ате	t per		<u>:</u>	ဗ	6	:
			Рав	<u> </u>	:	:	:	:
		other wise disposed of	Present) car.		:	<u></u>	ຕ	65
		-orgmon earO has besim	Past period.		:	<u>د</u>	10	တ
}		tor retrial.	Fresent 2est		:	:	:	:
9	i i	Case remanded	Past period.		17	:	:	17
	posec	ended.	Present year.		:	e9	¢3	10
	How disposed of.	-ma noiriood	Past period.		H	es	II	15
	0	Yeredd.	Present year.		:	13	9	252
		-or noiriood	Past period.		က	12	œ	38
		bomrā	Present year.		₹1		6	17
		Decision con-	Past period.		8	e.	14	31
			enr.		6	ဗ	6	0
		filed	nt ye	d	8 f(36 15	23 7	0 01
1		oeals 1g	Present year.	Rs.	£61,69	2,386	2,053	73,910
		Value of appeals filed during		Ė	0	ဗ	c	m
		fue o	perio	ď	6 15	5 13	8	* 1
		Va	Past period	∏8.	62,396 15	20,086	2,131	81,615
Carro	W. ST.	ыe	Present year.		99	£.	- E	35
		Disposed Closing of Balance.	Past period.		16	99	- 4	76 8
-		р _о 2	Present year.		-	57	13	20
		lepose of luring	Past period.		୍ଷ	<u> </u>	38	
-		<u>a</u> ;	Present year.		37.	- 02	31	1 2 1
		Total.	Past period.		ů,		Či.	59 185 185 169
-			Present year,		18		37	
		Opening Filed Balance, during	Past period,		- OG		- 72	113
-		ee. d	Present year.		16	92	**	76
)peni Salan	Past period.		23	65	18	132
-		OH			;	:	:	
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SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Siroli State.

APPENDIX XIII.

Statement showing the Number of Persons confined in the Jails and Lock-ups in the Sirohi State during the year 1906-07.

Number of Prisoners. Daily Average.	om th	nccused under trial.	Rs. n. p.	1 109 137 311 246 107.45 119·10 105 4,3½0 1 6 8·4 days. No death.	
	STATIONS.			Central Jail at Sirohi	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Divan, Siroli State.

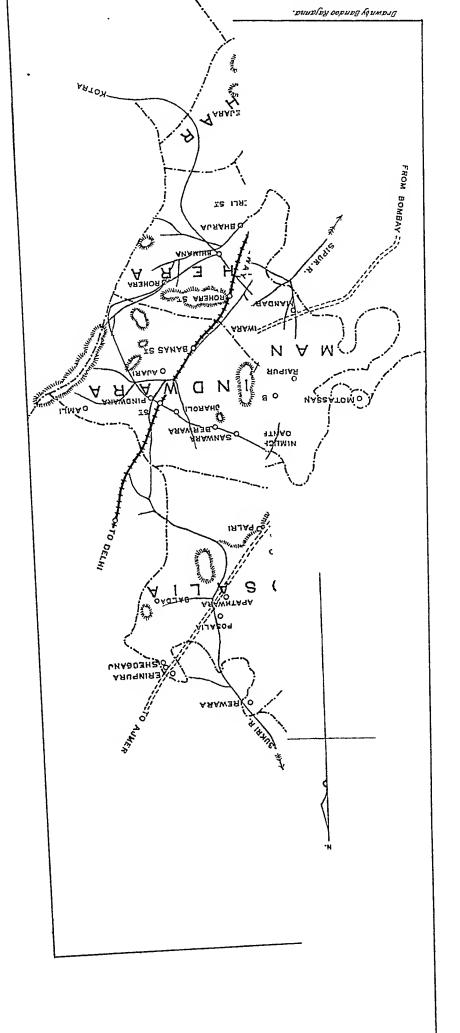
APPENDIX MIV.

Registration of Documents in the Sirohi State during 1906-07.

	Remarks.	
Documents re- maining un- registored	at the	Present year.
Documents maining regist	quiry close year.	Past period.
f Doen-	Sisteren	Present year.
Value of Doeu-	memes re	Past period.
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nted.	Money Bonds.	Present year.
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Number of Documents presented.	decds.	Present year.
Nr	Sale	Past period.
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N N N	regi	Past period.
		AAME OF STATE.

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Sirohi State.



Statement showing the Receipt and Expenditure on account of Registration during 1906-07. APPENDIX XV.

Ē	КЕМАЛКЅ.	
	Fees Realized.	Rs, a, p.
Present year.	Value of Property.	Rs. a. p.
	No. of Deeds.	Nil.
	Fees realized.	Rs. a. p.
Past year.	Value of Property.	Rs. a. p.
1		
	No. of Deeds.	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Siroli State.

APPENDIX XVI

Receipt and Expenditure of the Municipalities in the Sirohi State during 1906.07.

14.50 E.		Opening	RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR.	IG THE YEAR.	Total in the	EXPENDITURE DURING THE YEAR.	RING THE YEAR.	
		the 1st Nov. 1906.	Past period.	Present year.	carrent year.	Past poriod,	Present year.	Remarks.
			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
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Sheoganj	:	:	631 14 0	494 1 0	494 1 0	1,131 7 3	692 15 3	
Ţ	Total		2,491 10 9	1,858 4 9 1,858 4 9	1,858 4 9	7,950 13 3	5,030 4 6	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Discar, Siroli State.

APPENDIX XVII.

Statement of Ruinfall in the Sirohi State for 1906-07.

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SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY, Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX KVIII,

Statement as to Prices of Staple Food Grains for 1901-07.

Вемдикв,										
Daring Jine (present year) per Rupco.	Mds. Seers Cht.	0 10 8	0 14 0	0 5 4	F 9 0	0 14 0	0 15 0	0 11 0	0 13 4 0 13 4	0 11 0 0 22 0
Daring March (present year) per Rapee.	Mds, Seors Cht.	0 11 0	8 91 0	0 5 0	8 9 0	0 16 0	0 91 0	0 01 0	$\begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 11 & 4 \\ 0 & 16 & 0 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
During Varch (past year) per Rupee.	Mds. Seers Cbt.	8 6 0	0 12 2	0 9 0	0 8 0	0 11 0	0 10 14	0 13 0	0 10 2 0 10 14	0 10 0 0 16 8
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SARAT GHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY, Diwan, Siroli State,

APPENDIX XIX.

Statement showing the Expenditure on Public Works during 1906-07.

TACAN AC MANAGEMENT	l voi	a car	<u> </u>			State Funds.		Conti	Contribution by Bohras, etc.	3, etc.	·	
LINGTHI	O NION		i		Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Original.	Repairs.	Total.	Total.	
					Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Military	:	:	:	:	650 3 0	13 4 0	663 7 0	:	:	•	663 7 0	
Civil	:	:	:		21,566 5 0	3,347 3 0	24,913 8 0	•	:	•	24,913 8 0	
Communication	:	:	:	:	•	1,717 2 6	1,717 2 6	:	:	:	1,717 2 6	
Irrigation	:	:	:	:	814 14 6	1,517 8 6	2,332 7 0	4,461 4	0 2,996 8 0	7,457 12 0	9,790 3 0	
Establishment	:	:	:	:	1,233 1 3	:	1,233 1 3	:	:	:	1,233 1 3	
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			Total	:	24,264 7 9	24,264 7 9 6,627 12 9	1 1	30,892 4 6 4,461 4 0 2,996 8 0 7,457 12 0	2,996 8 0	7,457 12 0	38,350 0 6	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDIURY,

Divan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XX.

Agricultural Stock in the Sirohi State for 1906-07.

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		Buffaloes.	Males.	123	448 29 171	644 101 400	160 26 61	40 365 400	3,219
			.ewoO	 390 250 4,116	3,631 234 4,039	3,200 570 2,600	3,350 341 605	519 2,600 2,500	28,945
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SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XXI.

Statement showing the Excise Shops and Excise Revenue of the Sirohi State for the year 1906-07.

	Вемликв.			
	<u> </u>	D	ec.	
Total,	Revenue.	Rs. a.	271 22,602 14	
	No. of Shops.		271	
Tari.	Revenue.	Rs. a. p.		
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Country Spirit.	Revenue.	Rs, a, p.	67 21,750 13 0	
	No. of Shops.			
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SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Dican, Siroli State.

			RECEIPTS.				
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(1) Fixed	3,063 8 3	28,669 10 3	41,733 2 6	38,821 3 0	54,271 7 6	•••••	2,911 15 6
(2) Fluctuating	53 0 3	66,968 7 9	67,021 8 0	66,698 7 3	69,438 5 0	6 0 0	817 0 9
(3) Mavoshi (grazing)	97 4 0	14,812 11 9	1+,909 15 9	14,764 9 9	19,029 10 6	*****	145 6 0
(4) Gharganti (House tax)	93 2 3	8,186 10 9	8,279 13 0	8,171 8 3	12,038 2 3	17 10 0	90 15 g
(5) Incomo from building sites	4 7 0	7,111 14 0	7,116 5 0	7,070 8 0	17,112 1 9		45 13 0
6: 1.7:	123 11 0	3,237 8 6	3,361 3 6	8,258 9 9	. 5,125 14 8	*****	102 9 9
270 C 21 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	202 1 6	1,741 0 9	1,943 2 3	1,858 4 9	2,491 10 9	•••••	84 13 6
		415 0 0	415 0 0	415 0 0	830 0 0		•••••
(8) Pent of Barracks	•••••	110 0 0	*10 0 0				
Total	3,637 2 3	1,41,142 15 9	1,44,780 3 0	1,41,057 13 9	1,80,637 4 0	23 10 0	8,598 10 3
B. Forest Revenue.	2,393 5 0	32,931 13 0	35 325 2 0.	34,618 14 0	44,935 9 0		706 4 0
(1) Timber duty	*****	17,805 8 6	17,805 8 6	17,805 8 6	21,200 6 0	*****	*****
(2) Jungle produce	2,393 5 0		16,121.10 6	15,715 6 6	21,858 7 6		706 4 0
(3) Charcoal revenue	*****	603 12 3	603 12 3	603 12 3	1,278 13 6		*****
(4) Miscellaneous	•••••	494 2 9	494 2 9	194 2 9	597 14 0		*****
-							
Total	2,395 5 0	32,931 13 0	35,325 2 0	31,618 11 0	44,935 9 0		706 4 0
C. Customs	*****	1,73,718 2 9	1,73,718 2 9	1,73,718 2 9	1.96,910 11 9	••••	*****
D, Receipts under the Salt Treaty		10,800 0 0	10,800 0 0	10,800 0 0	21,600 0 0		*****
E. Excise Revenue.	128 13 6	22,779 0 9	22 907 14 3	22,602 14 3	35,998 14 0	*****	305 0 0
Cla O. i. a. Harras fa a		182 8 0	183 8 9	483 8 0	579 0 0	*****	
	78 12 3	21 760 15 6	21,834 11 9	21,750 13 0	31,777 7 3	•••••	83 14 9
100.0	55 1 3	535 9 3	590 19 6			*****	231 1 3
(3) Ganja		00,0 5 0	550 19 6	369 9 8	642 6 9		
Total	123 13 6	22,779 0 9	22,907 14 3	22,602 11 3	35,998 14 0	•••••	305 0 0
F. Stamp Revenue,	4,936 8 0	7,817 3 3	12,753 11 3	7,817 3 3	16136 7 9		4,936 8 0
(1) Court fees	4,936 8 0	4 552 14 3	9,469 6 3	1,532 14 8	9,818 13 9	•••••	4,936 8 0
(3) Four anna stamp for petition	*****	1,351 2 0	1,351 2 0	1,351 2 0	1,812 8 0	••••	*****
(3) Deeds stamps	•••••	1,775 8 0	1,775 3 0	1,775 8 0	4,310 10 0		
(4) Fines against stamp law	*****	158 0 0	158 0 0	158 0 0	164 8 0		
Total	4,936 8 0	7,817 8 3	12,753 11 3	7,817, 3 3	16,186 7 9	·	4,936 8 0

DIX XXII.

wards refunded

2,000 0 0

2,456 10

8

1,166 3 6 9,237 3 9

DISBURSEMENTS. ACTUAL EXPENDITURE. BUDGET ESTIMATE. REMARKS. NATURE OF EXPENDITURE. Previous Current Previous Current period. period. year. year. Rs. Ra. Rs. 8. Δ. a. a. p. p. p. 13,762 8 13,762 8 6,881 4 0 0 6,881 4 0 0 A. Tribute 77,994 7 9 52,420 13 3 0 (1) Personal expenses of H. H.... (2) Do. do. of Heir Ap 68 027 4 44,609 n n 24,695 20,839 37,448 16,879 0 22,246 17,118 Ŏ 22,665 8 0 8 9 16,546 15 0 of Heir Apparent. 0 of younger Kumar (3) Do. đo. 1,140 0 0 a ٥ Sahib 900 12,612 9,885 0 22,858 15 0 19,767 0 0 0 3 0 (4) Zenana Expenses 9 4 52,420 13 77,994 7 0 44,609 0 0 68,027 Total 7 3 3 3 42,342.12,7168 61,3952,18,344 C. Administration (1) Mehkma Khas... (2) Mehkma Sadar... 1,844 10 7,399 0 18,555 12 $\frac{4,237}{11.097}$ 9 9 2.676 n n 3 350 5 ••• ٠. 7.032 10,836 15 3 0 3 0 O 0 (3) Civil, Criminal and Revenue Conrts (4) Talati Mehkma 17,884 0 23,506 9 24,811 11 0 8 0 Ō 0 8 3 3 3,635 0 3,825 6,683 4,574 (5) Tehsil Rawlans 605 10 0 1,108 14 6 617 9 3 984 0 6 ••• 3 2,030 11 U 1,314 10,998 2 9 (6) Survey... ••• ٠. 1.932 Û 2,035 n 0 1 0 4,930 G 8,000 O ٥ n (7) Boundary 4,750 8 (6) Army (9) Police (10) Record Room Department 10,181 0 16,119 14 10,687 15,338 10 46,016 46,733 72,500 14 599 14 Ú 71,417 8 0 ••• 384 0 0 672 0 0 528 0 0 9 ••• 8,060 13 42,226 9 5,298 8 33,723 15 8,503 11 6.091 0 (11) Jail ... (12) Customs (13) Forest... 0 0 6 6 46,065 7,291 27,817 0 0 3 6 ••• ••• 4 5,738 8 0 7,754 11 4 9 3 6,618 6 ••• (14) Treasury (15) Residency Valid 500 13 n 1,001 10 0 500 13 0 1,001 10 0 ••• ••• 3,432 300 5,460 8 806 12 (i 0 5,422 0 0 n 3,319 11 6 6 (16) Lithographie Press... ŏ Ō 0 475 334 6 9 3 2,430 (17) Contingencies 3,010 13 4,192 6 3,811 (18) Dak charges ... 1,470 0 0 0 0 1,631 15 9 2,348 1 2,315 0 the Pan (19) Contribution towards 800 n 287 0 ٥ chayat Conrt 475 O 0 0 472 n 2 (20) Historical Department Ō 0 1,109 1,716 0 2,189 O ñ R 2,872 14 9 (21) Thagi and Dacoity Department ō ŏ ŏ 8 200 0 0 316 10 400 0 0 Total 1,42,842 6 3 ,61,395 3 2,12,716 8 9 2,18,344 7 D. Public Instructions ... 1,283 3,449 3,235 ģ ,031 6 1,654 9 11 1,325 15 6 333 33 E. Dispensaries. ... 4,524 ••• O 6 692 11 6,360 11 0 5,897 0 0 9 (1) Hospitals 4,308 Ō 5.555 (3) Contribution towards General Hos pital Funds 216 Ð n 342 0 0 216 0 Đ 433 0 0 4.524 Tota1 0 0 5.897 0 0 3,449 3 3 6.692 11 9 F. Religious ... 10,402 6,693 0 0 0 0 5,992 8 11,558 9 6 5 ... (1) Temples 8,600 Ō 5,500 1,902 2,536 4,633 0 ••• ••• ... 1 (2) Charities 3,096 n 0 0 0 3,456 $\bar{7}$ G 6,934 14 9 Total 6,696 0 U 0 10,402 0 5,993 8 6 11,558 5 9 G. Public Works 51,236 0 0 72,308 0 30,892 1,13,359 0 4 G 3 Ð (1) Establishments 1,135 0 ٥ 0 1.233 1,537 12 6 1 (3) Originals, repairs & petty clarges... (3) Paid to Bohras 50.111 0 a 70,173 0 0 29,659 3 3 1,01,821 10,000 0 0 Total 51,236 0 Ó 73,308 0 0 30,892 1,18,359 4 6 3 9 H. Pensions ... 3 4 3,737 15 3.846 0 2,317 0 6 63 I. Conservancy charges 5,151 0 Ō 8,023 12 5,035 7,960 5 J. Miscellaneous. 54.198 7 81,641 58,263 0 10 9 (l) Haliwara Jagir 50 93.210 15 3 320 Ó ••• Oda Jagir ... 480 320 0 Õ 480 0 ••• 267 0 ŏ 577 13 422 726 12 ŏ (3) Item credited in income but after Ð 7 n

			RECEIPTS.				
		DEMAND.		during t year.	during period.	dnring t year.	
Nature of Demand.	Arrears.	Current	Total.	Collection during the present year.	Collection the past pe	Remission during the present year.	Balanec,
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
G. Law and Justice.	5,209 14 3	38,244 5 0	43,454 3 3	35,155 15 6	48,811 9 3	3,363 0 6	4,985 3 3
(1) Sale-proceeds from un- olaimed property	**,***	716 6 9	716 6 9	716 6 9	707 Q 3	•••••	ار
(2) Process fees	*****	738 10 0	738 10 0	738 10 0	898 9 0	*****	*****
(3) Criminal fines	4,586 0 B	14,103 3 9	18,689 4 0	11,014 14 3	24,973 6 0	3,563 0 6	4,311 5 3
(4) Succession taxes	623 14 0	22,686 0 6	25,309 14 6	22,686 0 6	22,232 10 0	•••••	623 14 0
Total	5,209 14 3	38,244 5 0	43,454 8 8	85,153 15 6	48,811 9 3	3,363 0 6	4,985 3 3
H. Ordinary Re-	33 10 8	24 221 8 3	24,255 2 11	24,221 8 3	41,430 11 3		33 10 8
(1) Orchard revenue	*****	721 3 6	721 5 6	731 3 6	835 9 0	•••••	•••••
(2) Hide contract	•••••	4,513 0 0	4,512 0 0	4,512 0 0	6,720 4 0	•••••	•••••
(3) Miscellaneous contracts.	33 10 8	17,582 4 3	17,615 14 11	17,582 4 5	31,915 8 6	•••••	33 10 8
(4) Payment received from Jagurders on account of compensation by the State as decreed by the Panchayet Court		410 9 8	410 9 8	410 9 3	205 11 9		••••
(5) Pound fees		334 S 0	334 8 0	334 8 0	534 6 8		•••••
(6) Copying fees	*****	551 8 0	551 8 0	551 8 0	1,212 1 9		******
(7) Sale-proceeds of old stores	*****	109 7 3	109 7 3	109 7 8	7 2 0	•••-•	*7>***
Total	93 10 8	24,221 8 3	24,255 2 11	24,221 8 3	41,430 11 3	•	83 10 8
I Extraordinary Receipts	1 0010 4n n	65,103 5 9	68,917 3 6	59,151 9 9	95,718 3 0		9,765 9 9
(1) Takavi		4,296 10 6	4,296 10 6	4,396 10 6	2,489 8 9	•••••	*****
(2) Special tax on account of the marriages	i	39,425 0 0	39,425 0 0	35,066 7 0	27,456 9 9		6 , 858 9 0
(3) Miscellaucous	3,813 13 9	21,381 11 3	25,195 9 0	21,788 8 3	65,772 0 6	*****	3,407 0 9
Total	3,813 13 9	65,103 5 9	68,917 3 6	59,151 9 9	95,718 3 0	.,,,,	9,765 9 9
Grand Total	20,153 3 5	5,16,758 6 6	5,36,911 9 11	5,09.144 1 6	6,82,69813 7	3,386 10 6	24,380 13 11

		DISBURSE	MENTS.		
	Bunger Es	TIMATE.	ACTUAL EXE	PENDITURE.	
NATURE OF EXPENDITURE.	Current year.	Previous period.	Current year.	Previous period.	REMARKS.
(20) News Papers (21) Dues paid to Jagirdars on accomo of Changi (22) Cattle Pound (28) Abu and Kaishargonj kothies (24) Granary Total K. Orchard (1) Kaisharbilas (2) Matar Mataji	102 0 0 25,148 15 0 368 4 0 438 0 0 570 0 0 1,236 0 0 480 0 0 264 0 0 252 0 0 796 0 0 1,200 0 0 2,500 0 0 1,173 0 0 6,712 0 0 6,712 0 0	Rs. a. p. 8,166 10 8 161 8 0 84,308 3 5 1,151 8 0 9,02 8 0 2,969 0 0 760 0 0 418 0 0 387 0 0 1,102 0 0 1,722 0 0 3,958 5 4 2,375 0 0 10,627 5 4 99 12 0 951 9 4 880 0 0 9,198 0 0 1,927 9 0 81,641 1 5 2,838 0 0 2,248 0 0 595 0 0	758 12 8 8,831 6 8 78 13 0 616 11 0 202 12 9 7,802 1 8 1,789 14 0 6 58,268 9 0 0 2,307 8 6 1,913 18 9 254 15 3 188 15 6	284 8 6 6,869 5 9 2,118 10 8 98,210 15 8 98,210 15 8 3 354 5 3 2,508 0 3 8 896 5 0 155 0 0	
Total L. Extraordinary Expenses (1) Orphanage (2) Bordor Conrt (3) Settlement (4) Plague (5) Had Samayat (6) Agra Darbar (7) Ana Expenses of the 1st Baiji heban (8) Contribution to the Mayo Colle Ajmer (9) Marriages of 2nd and 3rd Baiji hebans (10) Missellancons (11) Debts paid (a) Seth Himatmalji 28,360 18 (b) Govt Loan 20,000 0 (c) K. B. Framji 7,413 0 Total55,773 18	Sa- 2,10 000 0 0 7,013 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	88,071 5	252 0 831 4 5 4 2,084 13 8,985 16 2,000 0 1,06,493 6 7,163 12 56,773 15	3 1,31,397 9 4	*The total expenses in these two marriages were Rs. 2,12,024-10-0, of which Rs. 85,025-12-0 were very kindly paid by His Highness in the shape of ornaments and cash from his own private parse. Bills amounting to Rs. 20,505 8 0 remain outstanding for adjustment.
	2,29,281 10 (5,50,037 1		4 1,78,904 10 3 5,09,144 1		-1

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XXIII.

Statement of Medical Relief afforded in the Survhi State for the year 1906-07.

	Вечанку.	•		
	Dany average of in and out-door pat ents.	54.90	49.66	104.56
	Bxponditure.	Rs. a. p. 1,468 6 0	773 14 0	2,242 4 0
	Nemaining nader treat- neat,	∞	ಣ	11
Result of in-door patients.	Dled.	63	က	ນດ ,
esult of in-d	Absented.	16	က	19
Ħ	Discharged.	52	49	101
Number of patients treated.	,100b nI	78	£8	136
Number of treat	ont door.	6,407	7,829	14,236
				:
	.:	ŧ	:	Total
	DISPENSARY.	*	:	
	DISPE		:	
		Sirohi	Shooganj	Манадай Чунду Сундарада

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY, Diwan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XXIV.

Vital Statistics of the Towns for which figures are available for 1906-07.

			7 : 0				٢				Toto no	Bote nor thousand of nonnintion.	4 of none	Intion.	
			Birtna.	лв.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Deaths	hg.		·	Pure be	r chousien	ndod to p	- Interior	
		·			·		1		·		Births.	he.	Deaths.	ths.	
NAMB.		Population.	Past period.	Present year.	Inerense.	Deorease,	Past period.	Present year.	Increase.	Дестецве,	Past period.	Present year.	Past period.	Present year.	пемлике.
	:	5,651	112	29	:	83	105	81	:	24	19.81	5.13	18.28	14.33	
:	:	4,361	169	75	:	94	195	120	:	72	38 75	17.19	14.11	27.51	
:	:	2,789	42	39	:	က	53	39	;	14	15.05	13.08	19.00	13.98	
:	:	2,789	95	47	:	48	101	41	:	150	34.06	16.85	58.48	14 70	
:	:	4,425	123	88	:	35	144	87	:	22	62.22	19.88	32.54	19.66	
:	•	3,102	35	39	4	:	52	20	18	:	11.28	12.57	92.91	22.56	
:	:	2,578	63	26	:	37	20	34	:	16	24.43	10.08	19.39	13.18	,

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XXV.

Particulars as to School maintained by the Sirohi State for 1906-07.

		, Remairs,		
•		Primary.		
	Exponditure.	Secondary	Rs. a. p. 1,283 3 0	
		High School.	:	
9	Daily average attendanco.	Present year.	42.81	
	Daily :	Past period.	40.04	
İ	No. of pupils on roll.	31st October 1907.	59	
	No. of pur	Slat O c t o b c r 1906.	67	
		DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOLS,	Darbar School	
	Number of Schools.	Present year.		
1	Nan Be	Past period.	ri.	

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Direan, Sirohi State.

APPENDIX XXVI.

Statement showing the Seroli State Custom's Tariff.

-					
- 1			Rate per	maund.	Remarks.
No.		ARTICLES.	Import.	Export.	
1	Opit	ım	Rs. a. p. 200 0 0 0 10 0	Rs. a. p.	Transit duty is charged at the rate of Rs. 5 per md.
2 3	Gur Sug	lı ar (refined)	1 4 0	••••	Includes all sorts of sweet- meats.
4. 5 6 7 8 9	Eng Cou Cou	ar (coarse) glish cloth untry cloth ultroidered cloth of Pakki Zari k cloth	4 0 0 1 8 0 1 8 .0 15 0 0 7 0 0		Includes woollen cloth of superior quality.
10 11	Sp Sp	ices, 1st sort	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	•••••	
15		(a) Gopper, state (b) Iron (c) Tin (d) German silver (e) Bronze (f) Zino (g) Lead	1 8 0 0 4 0 1 0 0 1 8 0 1 8 0 1 8 0 1 0 0 1 0 0		
		(a) Ivory armlets of low quality (Sabad) (c) Set of ivory armlets (d) Set of ivory armlets wrist (e) Ivory, inner pieces	7er 10 0 (0	* Per pair. Do.
	14]	Lace— (a) Lace (Pakki) (b) Lace (Kachhi)	•••	0	
	16 17	Wool Coloured hides Ghee Raw hides Oil of every kind excepting k sine oil	I 0 0 10 0 8 ero- 0 8	0 2 0 0 1 4 2 8 0 1 0 0 0 8	_ 1
	20 21 22	Til Mohurah Rice	0 12 0 4	0	
	23 24 25	Tobacco Cotton Sarsu	1 4 0 10		
	26 27 28		4 8	1	 0 0

APPENDIX XXVI—contd.

' Statement showing the Serohi State Custom's Tariff.

		Rate per	maund.	P
No.	ARTICLES.	Import.	Export.	REMARKS.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
29 30	Wax Grain of overy kind	0 1 0	2 0 0 0 1 0	•
31	Gold and Silver— (a) Gold (b) Silver and ornaments	*2 2 0 *0 0 6	*****	* Per 100 tolas. * Per tola.
32 33	Moonj Chunam and coment	0 4 0	0 1 0	
34	Animals— (a) Goats and sheep (b) Bullocks and he-buffa- loes	5 0 0	10 0 0 °	Per hundred heads.
35	(c) She-buffaloes Timber — (a) Timber (Pukka) (b) Timber (Kuchha)	0 2 0 0 1 0	1 0 0 0 4 0 0 2 0	Do.
36 37 38	Stono	$\left \begin{array}{ccc} 0 & 0 & 6 \\ 10 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 12 & 0 \end{array}\right $	0 0 6	
39 40 41	Uncleaned cotton and cotton seeds Garlic Kalabattu (kachha)	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 15 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$	0 3 0 0 2 0	
42 43 44	Rope	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 14 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \end{array}$	•••••	
45 46 47	Sajikhar	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & 0 \end{array}$	•••••	
48 49 50	Kalmi-sors	0 4 0	•••••	
51 52 53	Ochreous clay (Geru)	0 2 0	•••••	
54 55 56	Tobacco stoms	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		
57 58 59	Kokri of Pilu and Gundas	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$	0 2 0 0 1 0	Per each.
60 61 62	Seissors	0 0 3	1 0 0 0 0 3	Do. Do. Per thousand.

APPENDIX XXVI—concld.

Statement showing the Serohi State Custom's Tariff.

		Rate per	maund.	Remarks.
No.	ARTICLES.	Import.	Export.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
63 64	Gun Rupee coins, excepting Imperial	1 0 0 0 0 3		Per each. Do.
65	Flowers of a tree known as Kebaliya	1020	0 2 0	
66 67	Horns of samber and buffalo Behda		0 8 0 0 3 0	
68 -69			0 3 0 0 2 0	
70 71	Tamarind		0 2 0 0 4 0	
72 73	Palaspapari		0 2 0 0 8 0	
7		0 1 (0 1 0	Per each.
7: 7: 7	Katari (Dagger)	0 0	3 0 0 3 0 0 3	
7 7	8 Dry mangoe pieces	0 2	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	O Legudana	0 0	8 0 0 8	Per each. Do.

SARAT CHANDRA ROY CHOWDHURY,

Diwan, Serohi State.



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